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| APPLICATION NO.   | FILING DATE                 | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO.                      |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 09/483,745  | 01/17/2000                  | Loredana Abramo      | Abramo-1            | 8778                                  |
| 48116<br>FAY SHARPE                                       | 7590 07/16/2007<br>C/LUCENT |                      | EXAM                | INER                                  |
| 1100 SUPERIOR AVE<br>SEVENTH FLOOR<br>CLEVELAND, OH 44114 |                             |                      | HUYNH, CONG LAC T   |                                       |
|   |                             |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER                          |
|   |                             |                      | 2178                | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|   |                             |                      |                     |                                       |
| •   |                             |                      | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE                         |
| •   |                             |                      | 07/16/2007          | PAPER                                 |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

|   | Application No.  | Applicant(s)  |  |  |  |
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|   |  | ,   |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary   | 09/483,745   | ABRAMO, LOREDANA  |  |  |  |
| omee Action Guinnary  | Examiner   | Art Unit  |  |  |  |
| The MAIL INC DATE of this communication on  | Cong-Lac Huynh   | 2178  |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply  |  |   |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 136(a). In no event, however, may a relation will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON the, cause the application to become AB | CATION.  eply be timely filed  ITHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 f   | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 May 2007.   |   |  |  |  |
| 2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ Thi   | This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  |   |  |  |  |
|   | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is                                    |   |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.   |  |   |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims   |  | •   |  |  |  |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-12 and 15-23 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-12, 15-23 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/  | awn from consideration.  |   |  |  |  |
| Application Papers  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).   |  |   |  |  |  |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document  2. Certified copies of the priority document  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document  application from the International Bureat  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list   | nts have been received.  Its have been received in Apprix documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).   | application No<br>received in this National Stage   |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  | Paper No(  | Summary (PTO-413)<br>s)/Mail Date<br>nformal Patent Application   |  |  |  |

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: response filed 5/9/07 to the application filed on 1/17/00.

2. Claims 1-12, 15-23 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 7, 15, and 19 are independent claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 7-8, 10, 12, 15, 18-20, 22 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDuff et al. (US Pat App Pub No. 2001/0012356, 8/9/01, filed 9/30/97) in view of Probert, Jr. et al. (US Pat No. 6,549,918 B1, 4/15/03, filed 9/21/98).

Regarding independent claim 1, Mcduff discloses:

- receiving raw switch data from a digital switching system, the raw switch data is stored by the digital switching system in a switch database ([0007], [0033]: receiving raw data from switching mechanism included in the telecommunication system and generating events about calling activity based on the raw data implies that the telecommunication system includes the digital switching system with a switch database for storing the received raw switch data to be processed)

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storing the call information which is the raw cellular information in a table ([0083] [0086])

# Mcduff does not disclose:

- converting said raw data into a format compatible with a predefined spreadsheet program

outputting converted data to and storing said converted data in at least one
 predefined workbook of said spreadsheet program

#### Probert discloses:

converting said raw data into a format compatible with a predefined spreadsheet program (figure 2 and col 8, lines 17-59: the network system includes the dynamic conversion filter driver to convert data from one format to another, including providing data in spreadsheet format where the data to be converted is from the server)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Probert into Mcduff since Probert discloses the benefit of converting data in one format to the spreadsheet format applied in the network system, providing the advantage to incorporate into Mcduff for converting the raw data stored in the switch database the table format in Mcduff into the spreadsheet format for easily performing calculations relating to business data.

Mcduff and Probert do not disclose outputting converted data to and storing said converted data in at least one predefined workbook of said spreadsheet program.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention was made to have modified Mcduff and Probert to include said outputting and storing features since it was well known in the art that once the data is converted into a format such as spreadsheet, the data is displayed at the client, which is a form of outputting data, and the data is stored in the memory for later use. The combination of the outputting and storing features to Mcduff and Probert would help providing and checking data when needed and keeping the received data for later use.

Independent claim 7 is for an apparatus of method claim 1, and is rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding claim 8, which is dependent on claim 7, Mcduff and Probert do not explicitly disclose the operation of said data receiver, data converter and data output device are adapted to be triggered via a user's "Make Workbook" command. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have modified Probert to include the user's Make Workbook command since it was well known that spreadsheet has the command such as AutoFormat for formatting a workbook, which is a form of the Make Workbook command.

Regarding claim 10, which is dependent on claim 1, Mcduff further discloses that the raw switch data includes recent change and verify data ([0067], [0071]).

Claim 12 is for an apparatus of method claim 10, and is rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding independent claim 15, Mcduff discloses:

- receiving raw switch data from a digital switch ([0007], [0033], [0039])

 storing the raw switch data, which is the call information, in a table ([0082]-[0086])

Mcduff does not disclose:

- converting said raw data into a format compatible with a predefined spreadsheet

program

outputting converted data to and storing said converted data in at least one

predefined workbook of said spreadsheet program

Probert discloses:

converting said raw data into a format compatible with a predefined spreadsheet

program (figure 2 and col 8, lines 17-59: the network system includes the

dynamic conversion filter driver to convert data from one format to another,

including providing data in spreadsheet format where the data to be converted is

from the server)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention

was made to have combined Probert into Mcduff since Probert discloses the benefit of

converting data in one format to the spreadsheet format applied in the network system,

providing the advantage to incorporate into Mcduff for converting the raw data stored in the switch database the table format in Mcduff into the spreadsheet format. Mcduff and Probert do not disclose outputting converted data to and storing said converted data in at least one predefined workbook of said spreadsheet program. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have modified Mcduff and Probert to include said outputting and storing features since it was well known in the art that once the data is converted into a format such as spreadsheet, the data is displayed at the client, which is a form of outputting data, and the data is stored in the memory for later use. The combination of the outputting and storing features to Mcduff and Probert would help providing and

Regarding claim 18, which is dependent on claim 15, Mcduff further discloses that the raw switch data includes recent change and verify data ([0067], [0071]).

checking data when needed and keeping the received data for later use.

Claims 19 and 22 are for an apparatus of method claims 15 and 18, and are rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 20 includes the same limitation of apparatus claim 8, and is rejected under the same rationale.

5. Claims 2-3, 9, 11, 17, 21 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mcduff in view of Probert as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Boyle et al. (US Pat No. 5.661,789, 8/26/97).

Regarding claim 2, which is dependent on claim 1, Mcduff discloses:

 prior to said receiving, converting and outputting steps, installing said digital switch (0033], [0039]: the fact that the call center includes switching mechanism for switching the call data implies that a digital switch is installed in the system for performing the switching function)

Mcduff and Probert do not disclose:

performing said receiving, converting and outputting steps as part of a New
 Product Introduction test

Boyle discloses a new product testing is performed at a digital switch where raw data is received (col 1, line 60 to col 2, line 39).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Boyle into Mcduff and Probert since performing new product testing at the digital switch in Boyle would provide the advantage to include in Mcduff and Probert for using various data including product testing data at the digital switch for various service purposes.

Regarding claim 3, which is dependent on claim 1, Mcduff discloses:

- prior to said receiving, converting and outputting steps, installing said digital switch ([0033], [0039]: the fact that the call center includes switching mechanism

for switching the call data implies that a digital switch is installed in the system for performing the switching function)

#### Mcduff does not disclose:

performing said receiving, converting and outputting steps as part of a Customer
 Acceptance test

# Boyle discloses:

- performing said receiving, converting and outputting steps as part of a Customer Acceptance test (col 1, lines 55-60, col 2, lines 40-57)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Boyle into Mcduff and Probert since performing customer acceptance test at the digital switch in Boyle would provide the advantage to include in Mcduff and Probert for using various data including product testing data at the digital switch for various service purposes.

Regarding claim 9, which is dependent on claim 1, Mcduff does not disclose that the switch data includes testing data, which is one of hardware change data, software change data, switching activity data, *testing data*, troubleshooting data, and new product installation data.

Boyle discloses a new product testing is performed at a digital switch where raw data is received (col 1, line 60 to col 2, line 39).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Boyle into Mcduff and Probert since performing new

product testing at the digital switch in Boyle would provide the advantage to include in Mcduff and Probert for using various data including product testing data at the digital switch for various service purposes.

Claim 11, which is dependent on claim 7, include the same limitations as in claim 9, and is rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 17 includes the same limitations as in claim 9, and is rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 21 is for an apparatus of method claim 9, and is rejected under the same rationale.

6. Claims 4-6, 16 and 23 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mcduff in view of Probert as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Gupta et al. (US 6,226,516, 5/1/01, filed 3/30/98).

Regarding claim 4, which is dependent on claim 1, Mcduff and Probert does not disclose:

- using the output of said converter as a layout, preparing scripts containing
   Database Modification Commands
- transferring said scripts to said digital switching system

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- via said digital switching system, executing said scripts to modify the switch

database associated with the raw switch data

Gupta discloses:

- using the data at the switch center, preparing scripts containing Database

Modification Commands (col 1, line 58 to col 2, line 19: having scripts for

modifying data at switch center implies that the scripts contain Database

Modification Commands)

- transferring said scripts to said digital switching system (col 2, lines 7-19:

downloading the scripts to the central office for processing switch data shows

that scripts are transferred to the switching system)

via said digital switching system, executing said scripts to modify the switch

database associated with the raw switch data (col 1, line 58 to col 2, line 67)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention was made to have modified Gupta to include data at the switch center to be

converted into spreadsheet format and combined Gupta into Mcduff and Probert for

modifying switch data at the switching system via executing scripts.

Claims 5-6, 16 and 23 include the same limitations as in claim 4, and are rejected under

the same rationale.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicants arguments filed 5/9/07 have been considered but they are not

persuasive.

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Applicants argue that McDuff does not disclose a telecommunication network switch. It is not true. McDuff discloses that feature ([0007], [0033]: the telecommunication includes a switching mechanism and a computer integration server is provided in the system for receiving the raw data from the switching mechanism show that the telecommunication system includes a telecommunication network switch for performing the switching mechanism).

Applicants argue that though McDuff uses the phrase "raw data", the raw data of McDuff is not stored by the digital switching system in a switch database, and so the raw data of McDuff.is different from the raw switch data recited in claim 1.

Examiner respectfully disagrees. The raw data of McDuff is raw data received from the switching mechanism included in the telecommunication system ([0007]). Therefore, the system included in the telecommunication system for performing the switching mechanism is considered the switching system. It is implies that the raw data is stored in the memory of the switching system, which is equivalent to a switch database, so that the raw data can be received from there.

It is noted that the paragraphs 83-86 are provided to show that McDuff discloses that raw cellular information is stored in a table, which has a close format as a spreadsheet. These two paragraphs are not for showing of a database of a switch as argued.

Applicants argue that there is no motivation to combine subject matter of Probert with the subject matter of McDuff since there is no indication in McDuff that the display provided by McDuff could be improved on by eliminating the graphical nature of the display and replacing them with rows and columns of a spreadsheet.

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

McDuff discloses receiving the raw data from the switching mechanism included in a telecommunication system which is suggested a switching system for performing the switching mechanism and a memory for storing the raw data from the switching mechanism ([0007]). McDuff further discloses that the raw data of the cellular information is stored in tables, which have a similar format to a spreadsheet format. This motivates to combine into Probert for converting the stored data, which is the raw switch data, into spreadsheet format for easily calculate business data.

#### Conclusion

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Walsh et al. (US 5,655,015).

Pavley et al. (US 5,664,208).

Chafe (US 2001/0054097).

Glasser et al. (US 2004/0052343).

Shah (US 2007/0060212).

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cong-Lac Huynh whose telephone number is 571-272-4125. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on 571-272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-4125.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Cong-Lac Huynh Primary Examiner Art Unit 2178 7/10/07